NXB0104

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Rev. 1 — 11 September 2019

Product data sheet

1. General description

The NXB0104 is a 4-bit, dual supply translating transceiver with auto direction sensing, that enables bidirectional voltage level translation. It features two 4-bit input-output ports (An and Bn), one output enable input (OE) and two supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). $V_{CC(A)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2 V and 3.6 V and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 1.65 V and 5.5 V, making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V). Pins An and OE are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pins Bn are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A LOW level at pin OE causes the outputs to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

2. Features and benefits

- · Wide supply voltage range:
 - V_{CC(A)}: 1.2 V to 3.6 V and V_{CC(B)}: 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- ESD protection:
 - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/Jedec JS-001 Class 2 exceeds 2.5 kV for A port
 - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/Jedec JS-001 Class 3B exceeds 15 kV for B port
 - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/Jedec JS-002 Class C3 exceeds 1.5 kV
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78B Class II
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package							
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version				
NXB0104PW	−40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP14	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT402-1				
NXB0104BQ	-40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN14	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 14 terminals; body 2.5 x 3 x 0.85 mm	SOT762-1				
NXB0104GU12	-40 °C to +125 °C	XQFN12	plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 12 terminals; body 1.70 x 2.0 x 0.50 mm	SOT1174-1				



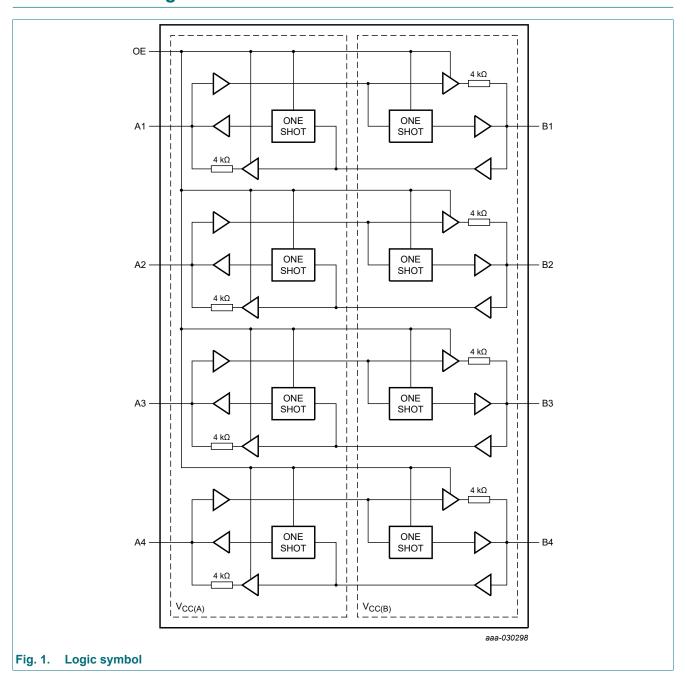
Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code
NXB0104PW	NXB0104
NXB0104BQ	B0104
NXB0104GU12	n4

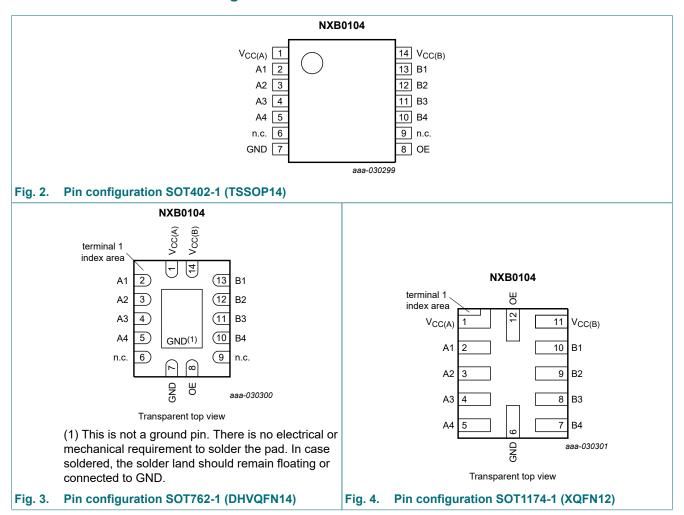
5. Functional diagram



Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning



6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT402-1 and SOT762-1	SOT1174-1	
V _{CC(A)}	1	1	supply voltage A
A1, A2, A3, A4	2, 3, 4, 5	2, 3, 4, 5	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
n.c.	6, 9	-	not connected
GND	7	6	ground (0 V)
OE	8	12	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to V _{CC(A)})
B4, B3, B2, B1	10, 11, 12, 13	7, 8, 9, 10	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
V _{CC(B)}	14	11	supply voltage B

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7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage		Input	Input/output	
V _{CC(A)} [1] V _{CC(B)}		OE	An	Bn
1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V	L	Z	Z
1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V	Н	input or output	output or input
GND[2]	GND[2]	Х	Z	Z

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A			-0.5	+6.5	V
V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B			-0.5	+6.5	V
VI	input voltage	OE	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
		Power-down or 3-state mode				
		An, Bn	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
		Active mode				
		An, Bn	[1][2][3]	-0.5	V _{CCI} + 0.5	V
Vo	output voltage	Power-down or 3-state mode				
		An, Bn	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
		Active mode				
		An, Bn	[1][3][4]	-0.5	V _{CCO} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < 0 V		-50	-	mA
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < 0 V		-50	-	mA
Io	output current	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCO}$	[4]	-	±50	mA
I _{CC}	supply current	I _{CC(A)} or I _{CC(B)}		-	100	mA
I _{GND}	ground current			-100	-	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C	[5]	-	250	mW

The minimum input and minimum output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

 $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}$. When either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is at GND level, the device goes into power-down mode.

 V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.

 $V_{\rm CCl}$ + 0.5 V or $V_{\rm CCO)}$ + 0.5 V should not exceed 6.5 V. $V_{\rm CCO}$ is the supply voltage associated with the output. [3]

^[4]

For SOT402-1 package: above 116 °C the value of Ptot derates linearly at 7.3 mW/K. For SOT762-1 package: above 60 °C the value of Ptot derates linearly at 4.5 mW/K.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions [1][2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A		1.2	3.6	V
V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B		1.65	5.5	V
VI	input voltage	OE	0	5.5	V
		Power-down or 3-state mode			
		An	0	3.6	V
		Bn	0	5.5	V
		Active mode			
		An, Bn [3]	0	V _{CCI}	V
V _O	output voltage	Power-down or 3-state mode			
		An	0	3.6	V
		Bn	0	5.5	V
		Active mode			
		An, Bn [4]	0	V _{cco}	V
Γ _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	40	ns/V

- The A and B sides of an unused I/O pair must be held in the same state, both at V_{CCI} or both at GND.

- $V_{\rm CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{\rm CC(B)}$. $V_{\rm CCI}$ is the supply voltage associated with the input. $V_{\rm CCO}$ is the supply voltage associated with the output.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); T_{amb} = 25 °C.[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	A port; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $I_O = -20 \mu\text{A}$	-	1.1	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	A port; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $I_O = 20 \mu\text{A}$	-	0.09	-	V
l _l	input leakage current	OE input; $V_1 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	±1	μΑ
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	OE = 0 V; A port: V_1 or V_0 = 0 V to 3.6 V; B port: V_1 or V_0 = 0 V to 5.5 V;] -	-	±1	μA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V_1 or V_0 = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V to 5.5 V	-	-	±1	μΑ
		B port; V_1 or V_0 = 0 V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±1	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_1 = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCI}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}$ [3]]			
		$I_{CC(A)}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	0.05	-	μΑ
		$I_{CC(B)}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	3.3	-	μΑ
		$I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	3.5	-	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance	OE input; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	2.8	-	pF

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
C _{I/O}		A port; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	4.0	-	pF
	capacitance	B port; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	7.5	-	pF

- $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}.$ V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.
- V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.

Table 8. Typical supply current

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); T_{amb} = 25 °C.

V _{CC(A)}				V _C	C(B)									
	1.8 V		2.	5 V	3.3	3 V	5.0) V						
	I _{CC(A)}	I _{CC(B)}												
1.2 V	10	10	10	10	10	20	10	1050	nA					
1.5 V	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	650	nA					
1.8 V	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	350	nA					
2.5 V	-	-	10	10	10	10	10	40	nA					
3.3 V	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	nA					

Table 9. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40 °C to	+85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
				Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level	A or B port and OE input	[2]					
	input voltage	V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.65V _{CCI}	-	0.65V _{CCI}	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level	A or B port and OE input	[2]					
	input voltage	V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		-	0.35V _{CCI}	-	0.35V _{CCI}	٧
V _{OH}	HIGH-level	A or B port; I _O = -20 μA	[3]					
	output voltage	A port; V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V		V _{CCO} - 0.4	-	V _{CCO} - 0.4	-	V
		B port; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCO} - 0.4	-	V _{CCO} - 0.4	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level	A or B port; I _O = 20 μA	[3]					
	output voltage	A port; V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V		-	0.4	-	0.4	V
		B port; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		-	0.4	-	0.4	V
l _l	input leakage current	OE input; $V_I = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		-	±2	-	±5	μΑ
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	OE = 0 V; A port: V_1 or V_0 = 0 V to 3.6 V; B port: V_1 or V_0 = 0 V to 5.5 V;	[3]	-	±2	-	±10	μА
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage	A port; V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 0$ V to 5.5 V		-	±2	-	±10	μΑ
	current	B port; V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(B)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V to 3.6 V		-	±2	-	±10	μΑ

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCI}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}$ [2]					
		I _{CC(A)}					
		OE = LOW; V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	5	-	15	μА
		OE = HIGH; V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	5	-	20	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	-	2	-	15	μΑ
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V	-	-2	-	-15	μA
		I _{CC(B)}					
		OE = LOW; V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	5	-	15	μА
		OE = HIGH; V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	5	-	20	μА
		V _{CC(A)} = 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	-	-2	-	-15	μΑ
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V	-	2	-	15	μA
		$I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$					
		V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	10	-	40	μA

^[2]

 $V_{\text{CC}(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{\text{CC}(B)}$. V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input. V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics for temperature 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 5, Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}				
			1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	ns ns ps ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns
V _{CC(A)} =	1.2 V; T _{amb} = 25 °C				-		_
t _{pd}	propagation delay	A to B	7.5	6.0	5.5	5.2	ns
		B to A	6.6	5.6	5.1	4.9	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	10.4	9.4	9.3	8.8	ns
		OE to A	81	69	83	68	ns
		OE to B	81	69	83		ns
t _t	transition time	A port	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	ns
		B port	2.7	2.1	1.8	1.5	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	15	13	13	13	ns
f _{data}	data rate		70	80	80	80	Mbps

 t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{t} is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} Delay between OE going LOW and when the outputs are actually disabled.

Table 11. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 5, Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}								Unit
			1.8 V ±	0.15 V	2.5 V :	± 0.2 V	3.3 V :	± 0.3 V	5.0 V :	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	1.5 V ± 0.1 V										
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	1.4	12.9	1.2	10.1	1.1	10.0	0.8	9.9	ns
	delay	B to A	0.9	14.2	0.7	12.0	0.4	11.7	0.3	13.7	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	1.0	17.9	1.0	17.9	1.0	17.9	1.0	17.9	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	1.0	21.0	1.0	16.6	1.0	15.1	1.0	14.4	ns
		OE to A	-	320	-	260	-	260	-	280	ns
		OE to B	-	200	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	0.9	5.1	0.9	5.1	0.9	5.1	0.9	5.1	ns
		B port	0.9	4.7	0.6	3.2	0.5	2.5	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	40	-	40	-	40	-	40	Mbps

Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}								Unit
			1.8 V ±	0.15 V	2.5 V :	± 0.2 V	3.3 V :	± 0.3 V	5.0 V	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	1.8 V ± 0.15 V										
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	1.6	11.0	1.4	7.7	1.3	6.8	1.2	6.5	ns
	delay	B to A	1.5	12.0	1.3	8.4	1.0	7.6	0.9	7.1	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	1.0	14.7	1.0	14.7	1.0	14.7	1.0	14.7	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	1.0	18.2	1.0	14.5	1.0	13.7	1.0	12.7	ns
		OE to A	-	260	-	230	-	230	-	230	ns
		OE to B	-	200	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	0.8	4.1	0.8	4.1	0.8	4.1	0.8	4.1	ns
		B port	0.9	4.7	0.6	3.2	0.5	2.5	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	20	-	17	-	17	-	17	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	49	-	60	-	60	-	60	Mbps
V _{CC(A)} = :	2.5 V ± 0.2 V			'	'	'		'		'	
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	-	-	1.1	6.3	1.0	5.2	0.9	4.7	ns
	delay	B to A	-	-	1.2	6.6	1.1	5.1	0.9	4.4	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	-	-	1.0	9.7	1.0	9.7	1.0	9.7	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	-	-	1.0	12.9	1.0	12.0	1.0	11.0	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	-	-	0.7	3.0	0.7	3.0	0.7	3.0	ns
		B port	-	-	0.7	3.2	0.5	2.5	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	-	-	12	-	10	-	10	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	-	-	85	-	100	-	100	Mbps

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Vcc	(B)				Unit
			1.8 V ± 0.15 V 2.		2.5 V :	2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{CC(A)} = 3$	3.3 V ± 0.3 V										
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	-	-	-	-	0.9	4.7	0.8	4.0	ns
	delay	B to A	-	-	-	-	1.0	4.9	0.9	3.8	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	-	-	-	-	1.0	9.4	1.0	9.4	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	-	-	-	-	1.0	11.3	1.0	10.4	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	-	-	260	-	260	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	200	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	-	-	-	-	0.7	2.5	0.7	2.5	ns
		B port	-	-	-	-	0.5	2.5	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	putput skew time	between channels [3]	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	-	-	-	-	100	-	100	Mbps

 t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{t} is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} Delay between OE going LOW and when the outputs are actually disabled.

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 5, Fig. 6 and Fig. 7. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		$V_{CC(B)}$							
			1.8 V ± 0.15 V 2		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	1.5 V ± 0.1 V										
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	1.4	15.9	1.2	13.1	1.1	13.0	0.8	12.9	ns
	delay	B to A	0.9	17.2	0.7	15.0	0.4	14.7	0.3	16.7	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis} d	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	1.0	18.3	1.0	18.3	1.0	18.3	1.0	18.3	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	1.0	21.8	1.0	17.7	1.0	16.1	1.0	15.2	ns
		OE to A	-	340	-	280	-	280	-	300	ns
		OE to B	-	220	-	220	-	220	-	220	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	0.9	7.1	0.9	7.1	0.9	7.1	0.9	7.1	ns
		B port	0.9	6.5	0.6	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.4	4.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	25	-	25	-	25	-	25	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	40	-	40	-	40	-	40	Mbps

Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}								Unit
			1.8 V ±	0.15 V	2.5 V :	± 0.2 V	3.3 V :	± 0.3 V	5.0 V	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	1.8 V ± 0.15 V										
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	1.6	14.0	1.4	10.7	1.3	9.8	1.2	9.5	ns
	delay	B to A	1.5	15.0	1.3	11.4	1.0	10.6	0.9	10.1	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	1.0	15.0	1.0	15.0	1.0	15.0	1.0	15.0	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	1.0	19.8	1.0	15.3	1.0	14.5	1.0	13.5	ns
		OE to A	-	280	-	250	-	250	-	250	ns
		OE to B	-	220	-	220	-	220	-	220	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	0.8	6.2	0.8	6.1	0.8	6.1	0.8	6.1	ns
		B port	0.9	5.8	0.6	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.4	4.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	22	-	19	-	19	-	19	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	45	-	55	-	55	-	55	Mbps
V _{CC(A)} = :	2.5 V ± 0.2 V			'	'	'		'		'	
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	-	-	1.1	9.3	1.0	8.2	0.9	7.7	ns
	delay	B to A	-	-	1.2	9.6	1.1	8.1	0.9	7.4	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	-	-	1.0	10.1	1.0	10.1	1.0	10.1	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	-	-	1.0	13.5	1.0	12.7	1.0	11.7	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	220	-	220	-	220	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	220	-	220	-	220	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	-	-	0.7	5.0	0.7	5.0	0.7	5.0	ns
		B port	-	-	0.7	4.6	0.5	4.8	0.4	4.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	-	-	14	-	13	-	10	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	-	-	75	-	80	-	100	Mbps

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Vcc	(B)				Unit
			1.8 V ± 0.15 V 2.		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	3.3 V ± 0.3 V										
t _{pd}	propagation	A to B	-	-	-	-	0.9	7.7	0.8	7.0	ns
	delay	B to A	-	-	-	-	1.0	7.9	0.9	6.8	ns
t _{en}	enable time	OE to A, B	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μs
t _{dis}	disable time	OE to A; no external load [2]	-	-	-	-	1.0	9.9	1.0	9.9	ns
		OE to B; no external load [2]	-	-	-	-	1.0	12.1	1.0	10.9	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	-	-	280	-	280	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	-	-	220	-	220	ns
t _t	transition time	A port	-	-	-	-	0.7	4.5	0.7	4.5	ns
		B port	-	-	-	-	0.5	4.1	0.4	4.7	ns
t _{sk(o)}	output skew time	between channels [3]	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns
t _W	pulse width	data inputs	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	ns
f _{data}	data rate		-	-	-	-	-	100	-	100	Mbps

- t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{t} is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} Delay between OE going LOW and when the outputs are actually disabled.
- [3] Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction.

Table 13. Typical power dissipation capacitance

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8. [1] [2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				V _{CC(A)}				Unit		
			1.2 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	1.8 V 2.5 V 2.5 V 3.3 V					
			V _{CC(B)}									
			1.8 V	5.0 V	1.8 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	5.0 V	3.3 V to 5.0 V			
T _{amb} = 2	5 °C											
C _{PD}	power	outputs enabled; $OE = V_{CC(A)}$										
	dissipation capacitance	A port: (direction A to B)	6	5	6	6	6	5	5	pF		
		A port: (direction B to A)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	pF		
		B port: (direction A to B)	26	30	26	26	27	30	30	pF		
		B port: (direction B to A)	23	28	22	22	22	26	26	pF		
		outputs disabled; OE = GND										
		A port: (direction A to B)	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.06	pF		
		A port: (direction B to A)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	pF		
		B port: (direction A to B)	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	pF		
		B port: (direction B to A)	0.06	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	pF		

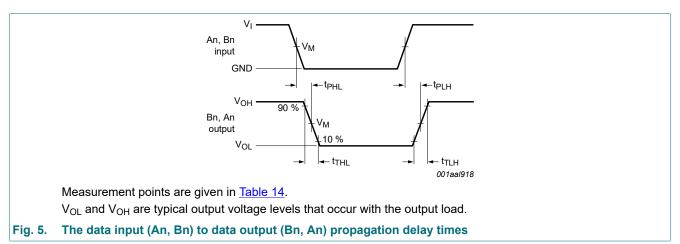
^[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

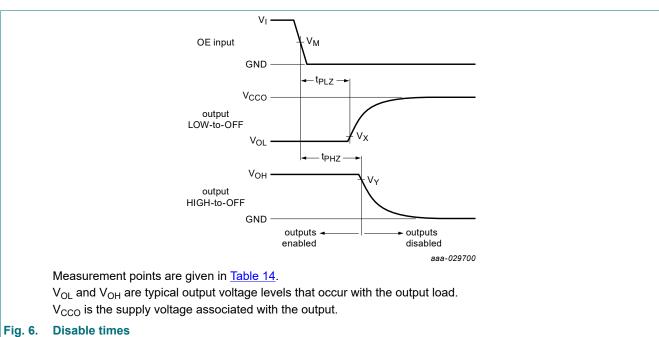
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:

 f_i = input frequency in MHz; f_o = output frequency in MHz; C_L = load capacitance in pF; V_{CC} = supply voltage in V; N = number of inputs switching; $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs. [2] f_i = 10 MHz; V_i = GND to V_{CC} ; t_r = t_f = 1 ns; C_L = 0 pF; R_L = ∞ Ω .

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

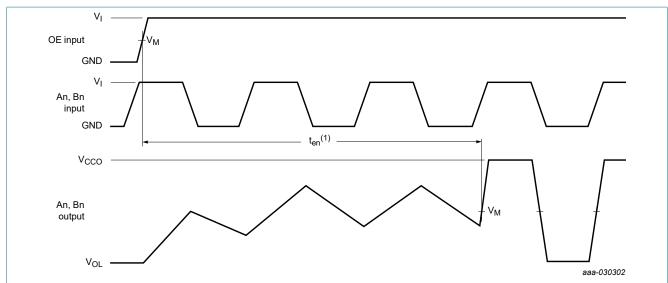
11.1. Waveforms and test circuit





NXB0104

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state



(1) The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for one one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken HIGH. See also Section 12.6

Measurement points are given in Table 14.

V_{OL} is a typical output voltage level that occur with the output load.

 V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

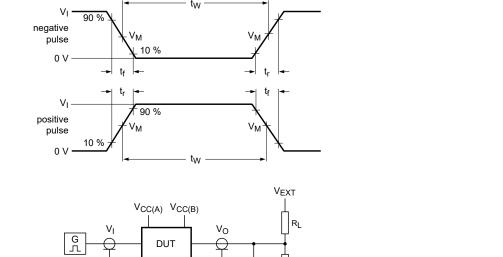
Fig. 7. Enable times

Table 14. Measurement points [1]

Supply voltage	Input	Output	Output						
V _{cco}	V _M	V _M	V _X	V _Y					
1.2 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.1 V	V _{OH} - 0.1 V					
1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.1 V	V _{OH} - 0.1 V					
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	V _{OH} - 0.15 V					
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	V _{OH} - 0.15 V					
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} - 0.3 V					
5.0 V ± 0.5 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} - 0.3 V					

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input and V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state



aaa-029721

Test data is given in Table 15.

All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:

PRR \leq 10 MHz; $Z_O = 50 \Omega$; $dV/dt \geq 1.0 V/ns$.

R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Test circuit for measuring switching times Fig. 8.

Table 15. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		V _{EXT}				
V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC(B)}	V _I [1]	Δt/ΔV	CL	R _L [2]	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{en}	t _{PHZ}	t _{PLZ} [3]
1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V	V_{CCI}	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	50 kΩ, 1 MΩ	open	open	open	2V _{CCO}

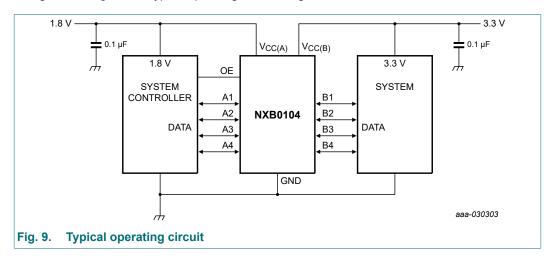
- V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.
- For measuring data rate, pulse width, propagation delay, output rise and fall time and enable time, $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$; for measuring disable time, $R_L = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$.
- V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

12. Application information

12.1. Voltage level-translation applications

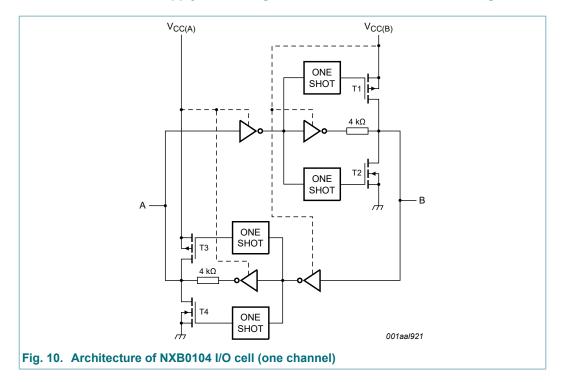
The NXB0104 can be used to interface between devices or systems operating at different supply voltages. See Fig. 9 for a typical operating circuit using the NXB0104.



12.2. Architecture

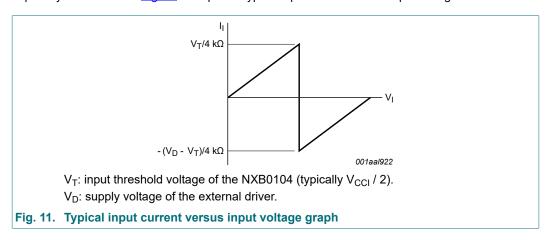
The architecture of the NXB0104 is shown in Fig. 10. The device does not require an extra input signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A. In a static state, the output drivers of the NXB0104 can maintain a defined output level, but the output architecture is designed to be weak, so that they can be overdriven by an external driver when data on the bus starts flowing in the opposite direction. The output one shots detect rising or falling edges on the A or B ports. During a rising edge, the one shots turn on the PMOS transistors (T1, T3) for a short duration, accelerating the low-to-high transition. Similarly, during a falling edge, the one shots turn on the NMOS transistors (T2, T4) for a short duration, accelerating the high-to-low transition. During output transitions the typical output impedance is 70 Ω at $V_{\rm CCO}$ = 1.2 V to 1.8 V, 50 Ω at $V_{\rm CCO}$ = 1.8 V to 3.3 V and 40 Ω at $V_{\rm CCO}$ = 3.3 V to 5.0 V.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state



12.3. Input driver requirements

For correct operation, the device driving the data I/Os of the NXB0104 must have a minimum drive capability of ±2 mA See Fig. 11 for a plot of typical input current versus input voltage.



12.4. Output load considerations

The maximum lumped capacitive load that can be driven is dependant upon the one-shot pulse duration. In cases with very heavy capacitive loading there is a risk that the output will not reach the positive rail within the one-shot pulse duration. To avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure correct triggering of the one-shot it's recommended to use short trace lengths and low capacitance connectors on NXB0104 PCB layouts. To ensure low impedance termination and avoid output signal oscillations and one-shot re-triggering, the length of the PCB trace should be such that the round trip delay of any reflection is within the one-shot pulse duration.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

12.5. Power up

During operation $V_{CC(A)}$ must never be higher than $V_{CC(B)}$, however during power-up $V_{CC(A)} \ge V_{CC(B)}$ does not damage the device, so either power supply can be ramped up first. There is no special power-up sequencing required. The NXB0104 includes circuitry that disables all output ports when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is switched off.

12.6. Enable and disable

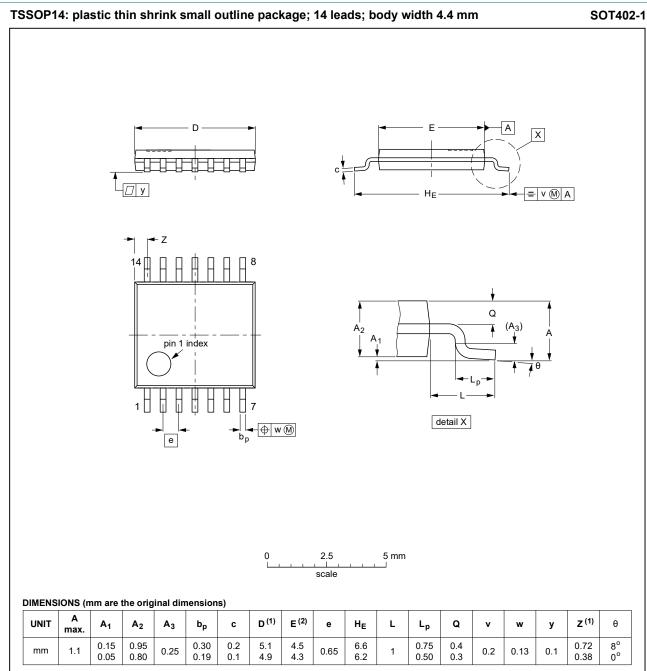
An output enable input (OE) is used to disable the device. Setting OE = LOW causes all I/Os to assume the high-impedance OFF-state. The disable time ($t_{\rm dis}$ with no external load) indicates the delay between when OE goes LOW and when outputs actually become disabled. The enable time ($t_{\rm en}$) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for one one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken HIGH. To ensure the high-impedance OFF-state during power-up or power-down, pin OE should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor, the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

12.7. Pull-up or pull-down resistors on I/O lines

As mentioned previously the NXB0104 is designed with low static drive strength to drive capacitive loads of up to 70 pF. To avoid output contention issues, any pull-up or pull-down resistors used must be kept higher than 50 k Ω . For this reason the NXB0104 is not recommended for use in open drain driver applications such as 1-Wire or I 2 C. For these applications, the NXS0104 level translator is recommended.

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

13. Package outline



Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT402-1		MO-153				-99-12-27- 03-02-18

Fig. 12. Package outline SOT402-1 (TSSOP14)

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

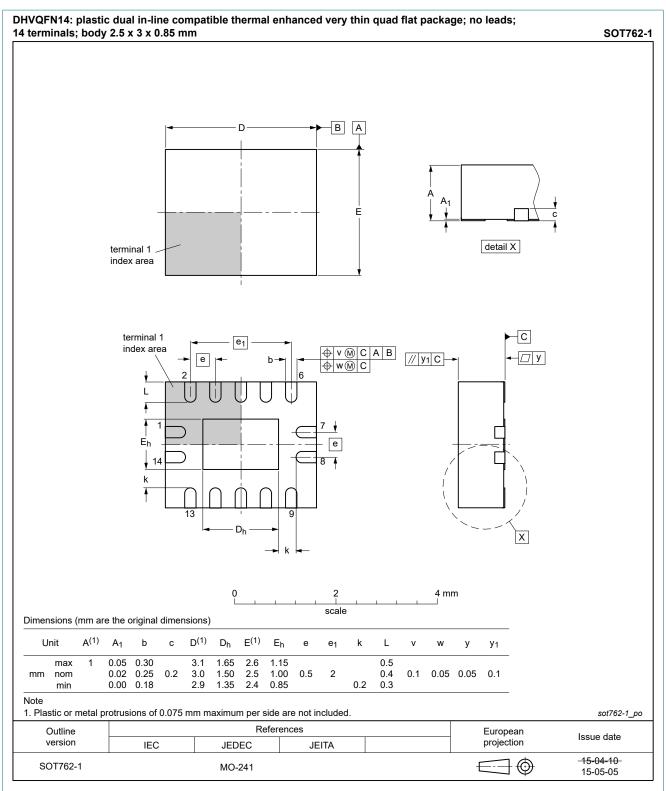


Fig. 13. Package outline SOT762-1 (DHVQFN14)

Product data sheet

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

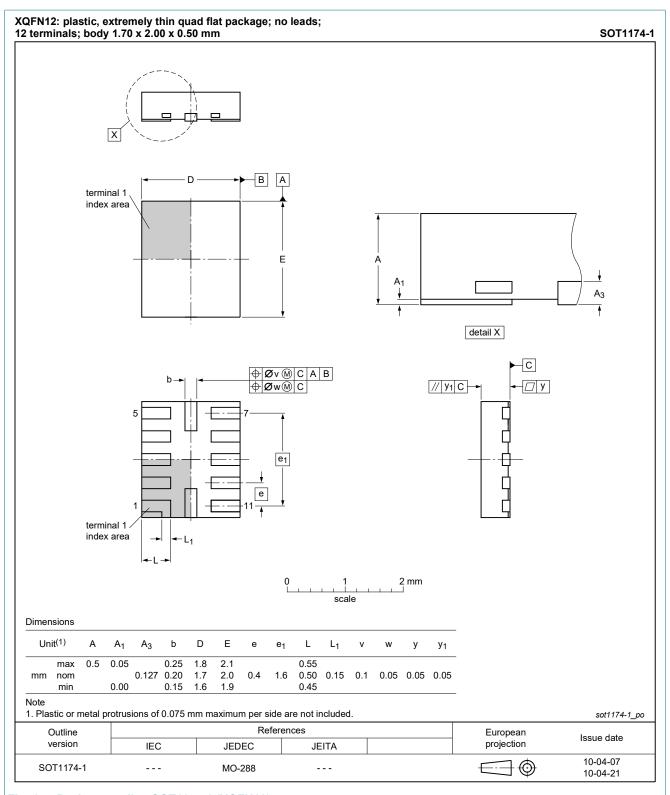


Fig. 14. Package outline SOT1174-1 (XQFN12)

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

14. Abbreviations

Table 16. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	Electro Static Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

15. Revision history

Table 17. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
NXB0104 v.1	20190911	Product data sheet	-	-

Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

16. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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Dual supply translating transceiver; auto direction sensing; 3-state

Contents

1. General description	1
2. Features and benefits	1
3. Ordering information	1
4. Marking	2
5. Functional diagram	2
6. Pinning information	3
6.1. Pinning	3
6.2. Pin description	3
7. Functional description	4
8. Limiting values	4
9. Recommended operating conditions	5
10. Static characteristics	5
11. Dynamic characteristics	8
11.1. Waveforms and test circuit	13
12. Application information	16
12.1. Voltage level-translation applications	16
12.2. Architecture	16
12.3. Input driver requirements	17
12.4. Output load considerations	17
12.5. Power up	18
12.6. Enable and disable	18
12.7. Pull-up or pull-down resistors on I/O lines	18
13. Package outline	19
14. Abbreviations	22
15. Revision history	22
16. Legal information	23

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